THE DAILY REGISTER.

VOL. LII. RALEIGH, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 10, 1851. NO. 45.

THE DAILY REGISTER.

SEATON GALES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays at $4 per annum in advance; $4.50 if not paid within six months; and $5 if not paid until the expiration of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued every Wednesday at $2,50 if paid within four months; otherwise $3.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

Northern Mail—By Rail Road, Due daily at 1-2 p. m., and closes at 11½ a. m.

Southern—Two-horse stage, due daily at 11 a. m., closes at 12 m.

Greensborough—Four-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a. m., and closes Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 m.

Newbern—Four-horse stage, due Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., and closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.

Tarborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 p. m., closes Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p. m.

Pittsborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday and Thursday at 7 p. m., and closes Saturday and Tuesday at 9 p. m.

Roxborough—One-horse mail, Due Friday at 9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p. m.

Holly Springs—Horse Mail, due Monday at 4 p. m., and closes Thursday at 9 p. m.

Letters should be in the Office fifteen minutes before the time of closing.

The Office will be open every day, except Sunday, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 9 p. m.

On Sunday, it will be open from 8½ to 9½ a. m., and one hour directly after the departure of the Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
UP STAIRS,
SMITH'S BUILDINGS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
Open from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M.
NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN THE BAR!!

	Rates	First 10 words,	E'h addi'l w'd.
Raleigh to Petersburg,		30 cts.	2
" " Richmond		32 "	2
" " Washington		44 "	2
" " Baltimore		54 "	3
" " Philadelphia		74 "	5
" " New York		84 "	6
" " Fayetteville		21 "	1
" " Cheraw		28 "	1
" " Charleston		50 "	3
" " Macon		97 "	5
" " Montgomery		116 "	6
" " Mobile		138 "	7
" " New Orleans		172 "	9

And all the places on this and other lines of communication in proportion to distance.

UNION
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Insurance Company,
RALEIGH

Second Floor, Smith's Block, adjoining Telegraph Office.

UNION
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
RALEIGH

Opposite the Post Office—under Odd Fellows Hall.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.
DISCOUNT DAY, TUESDAY.
Board Meets at 11 O'clock.
BANKING HOURS FROM 10 TO 2.
W. H. JONES, Cashier.
F. C. HILL, Teller.

Exchange, Baltimore, Philadelphia and N. York, 1 per ct. premium.

Virginia and South Carolina money Bankable, of the denomination of $5 and upwards.

BANK OF THE STATE.
DIRECTORS OF THE BANK.

Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Casher,
Seymour W. Whiting, Teller
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper,
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.

Hours of business from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.
DISCOUNT DAY, WEDNESDAY.
Board of Directors meet at 10 a. m.

BANK RATES FOR SELLING EXCHANGE.
Sight Checks on New York ½ per cent. Premium.
" " " Philadelphia ½ " " "
" " " Baltimore ½ " " "

Notes of the South Carolina and Virginia Banks received.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE,
NORTH CAROLINA.

July 19 h, 1850.

NEW BOOK STORE,
POMEROY & O'NEAL.
No, 16, Fayetteville St., Nearly Opposite the Post Office.
RALEIGH, N. C.

ARE now receiving an extensive assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Miscellaneous and School Books, generally, Annuals and choice Books for Presents, Novels, Stationery of all kinds, which we are selling at the very lowest prices; prices which we are confident must give entire satisfaction. Call and examine.

W. L. POMEROY,
J. W. O'NEAL.

Dec., 9th, 1850. 95

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership in a general business as

Booksellers and Stationers,

and will continue to carry on the business under the name and Firm of

POMEROY & O'NEAL.

Raleigh, December 9th, 1850. 99

WISTARS BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

A large supply of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry just received and for sale by

P F PESCUD.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99
☞ Standard copy.

AYERS CHERRY PECTORAL.

A fresh supply of Ayers Cherry Pectoral just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

ALSO

A Large supply of Linseed Oil just to hand at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99
☞ Standard copy.

BANK OF THE
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT on the Capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the last six months—payable at the Principal Bank on the first Monday in January next and at the Branches fifteen days thereafter.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Raleigh, December 11th, 1850. td 100
Star, Times, and Standard copy.

See R. R. R. R.*

To the Citizens of N. Carolina particularly.

WE can measure and furnish an entire suit of clothes (including coat, pantaloons, and vest,) at from 35 to $44; and will warrant them to be equal in all respects to any that can be furnished in the United States for that money. Gentlemen need no longer send out of the State for cheap Clothing, unless they prefer it.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

Raleigh, Nov. 8. 1850. 90

* Royal Raleigh Ringtail Rousers.

SOUTHERN REGALIA DEPOT!

P. HORTON KEACH,
No. 91, Main Street, Richmond, Va.

MANUFACTURER of Masonic, Odd Fellows, Sons of Temperance, Rechabites, American Mechanics, Druids, Red Mens, and all other societies *REGALIA, BANNERS, FLAGS, SIGNALS*, &c., also, *Costumes, Robes, Sashes, Jewels*, and all other Equipments on hand and made to order at short notice.

N. B.—Having secured the services of Mr. HENRY MESEKE, familiarly connected with the different orders, and well known in Baltimore as a *superior workman* in the above line, I am now prepared to compete with any establishment in the U. States, in either style, quality or price.

Orders from abroad respectfully solicited.

December 2nd, 1850.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE 18th Term of this School will commence on the Fourth day of January 1851, and continue 'till the 7th of June.

For a Circular containing full particulars, apply to the Subscriber.

ALDERT SMEDES, Rector.

December 4th, 1850. 98

☞ Standard, Fayetteville Observer, Chronicle, Commercial and Journal, Wilmington, Newbernian, Watchman, Salisbury, N. S. Whig, Washington, Old North State, E. City, Petersburg Intelligencer, Norfolk Herald and National Intelligencer, will insert five times, and send their bill to A. S.

Livery Stables!

THE Subscribers, take occasion to inform their friends and the public generally, that they will carry on the business, in all its branches, at the same stand; and that no efforts nor expense will be spared on their part to accommodate the travelling community. Conveyances, with good horses and careful drivers, will be furnished at all times and at short notice; and in fact, every convenience for travelling, in the way of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

will be supplied on the most favorable and accomodating terms.

The Subscribers also expect to keep constantly on hand, good

HORSES, BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &C.,
FOR SALE.

And persons wishing to put out their Horses by the week, or month, or year, will have them well attended to, at moderate prices. Their Stables are on Wilmington Street, just to the East of Market Square.

Hoping to receive liberal encouragement, the undersigned pledge themselves to do all in their power to merit public patronage and favor.

BUFFALOE & COOKE

FEMALE SEMINARY,
Warrenton, N. C.

THE ninth Term of this School will commence on the 15th of January 1851 and terminate the first week in November.

Terms as follows, per session of five months:

Board,	$50 00
English Tuition,	12 00
French,	10 00
German,	10 00
Music on Harp and use of instrument,	35 00
Music on Piano and use of instrument,	23 00
Music on Guitar and use of instrument,	20 00
Drawing and Painting,	10 00
Painting in oil colors,	15 00
Washing and Fuel,	6 00

Useful and Ornamental Needle work free of charge.

No extra charge whatever will be made. Books, Stationary, &c., furnished at the lowest retail prices.

It is particularly desirable that pupils should be present at the commencement of the session, as studies will then be arranged and classes formed.

All articles of clothing must be marked with the owners name in full.

A circular containing fuller information will be addressed to all persons who may desire it.

DANIEL TURNER.

Warrenton, January 1st, 1851. 5t—1

MUSIC STORE.

HAVING returned from the Northern cities, after making the most careful and choice collection in his line, the subscriber is now prepared to offer to the public a splendid assortment of Musical Merchandize, embracing

MUSIC,

a large and general assortment of the most popular and fashionable. New music constantly received from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and any piece not found in his catalogue can be procured in a week.

PIANOS,

from the best manufacturers of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and superier in workmanship and tone to any ever before offered in this or adjacent States for the same prices.

Seraphines and Accordeons, Violins, Violoncellos and Guitars.

A large and elegant assortment of the best Italian Strings. Persons wishing to purchase either by the single string or bundle, will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Schools and Seminaries supplied with Music, Instruction Books, Strings, Music paper, &c., on the most reasonable terms. Also,

BRASS BAND INSTRUMENTS,

Blank Books for Bands, and Band Instruction Book; in short, every thing in the Music department commonly sought for and desired.

Call one door North of the City Hall, Fayetteville Street. K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, December 29th. 6t 1

Law School
AT
HILLSBORO' N. C.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on the 15th of January, 1851, and continue until the 7th of June, following.

Young gentlemen who are desirous of reading Law with the undersigned, will do well to attend at the first of the Session, so that they may be formed into the necessary classes. This will benefit the pupil, as well as lighten the labours of the teacher.

The one or the other of the instructors will have charge of the School nearly all the year, and during a portion of the time both will be here to give instruction.

Text-books can be had here at the prices charged by Mr. E. J. Hale, of Fayetteville.

Tuition fees for the whole course of legal instruction will be ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

J. L. BAILEY,
F NASH.

Hillsboro', Dec. 31st, 1850. 1 2m

Classical and Mathematical SCHOOL.
Hillsborough, N. C

THE exercises of the Caldwell Institute having been discontinued, the subscribers will open a School on the 14th day of January, 1851, in the building lately used by that institution, under their own control and direction.

The course of instruction will be such as to prepare young men thoroughly for the Sophomore class in College, or when a College course is not intended, for the business transactions of life.

The strictest attention will be given to the moral deportment of the students, and if long experience in the education of youth be a ground of confidence to those who may patronize the School, we promise to use that experience to promote the best interests of those who may be committed to our charge.

Terms in the Classical and Mathematical department, $20; and in English $15 a session in advance.

ALEX. WILSON
RALPH H. GRAVES.

Hillsboro', Dec., 21st, 1850. 103

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, at the expiration of three months from this date, for the issue of a new certificate for 21 shares of the stock of said Bank, in the name of Dr. Isaac Burns, dec'd in the stead of one lost.

Application will also be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of the State of North Carolina at the expiration of three months, for the issue of a new Certificate for 10 shares of the Stock of said Bank, in the name of Dr. Isaac Burns dec'd., in the stead of one lost.

E. B. BURNS, Ad'm'r.

Dec. 20th, 1850. 103

CENSUS—APPORTIONMENT.

The Raleigh Register considers it certain that our State will lose two members of Congress under the Apportionment of Representation to be fixed at the next Session of Congress. Though this was regarded as probable whilst it was believed that the increase of our population would not be more than about 50,000 to 75,000, yet we are now inclined to believe, that with an increase of about 120,000, we shall lose but one member. The Register assumes that the entire population of the United States will be 23,000,000, and that, to constitute a House of 233 members, the apportionment of population for each member will be 100,000. But the Register overlooked the fact, that of the 23,000,000, (even supposing the entire population to reach that, which we doubt,) there will be more than 3,000,000 of slaves, &c., of whom only three fifths will be counted as federal or representative population. This would reduce the 23,000,000 to perhaps 21,800,000 of Federal population. An apportionment of 100,000 to each member would therefore make the House consist of only 218 members. To make 233 members out of that Representative population, the apportionment should be fixed at 93,562. This will give North Carolina eight members, if her representative population prove to be, as it doubtless will, 740,000 to 750,000. Eight members, at 93,562 each, would require a Federal population of 748,496, just about the number our State will evidently have.—But suppose our federal population should fall short of that, by 20, or 30,000, still our surplus over the number necessary for seven members would be so large as to entitle us to the eighth.

We think, however, that the population of the U. S. will be materially less than 23,000,000. In 1840 it was 17,069,453, and the general estimate is of an increase of 30 per cent. equal to 5,120,835; or 22,190,288.

The increase in our population, in 48 counties out of 79, is 67,844. The population in these counties is 480,889. The remainder of the counties have probably nearly 400,000.

(Fayetteville Observer.

When Dr. Johnson courted Mrs. Porter, whom he afterwards married, he told her that he was of mean extraction, had no money, and that he had an uncle hanged. The lady, by way of reducing herself to an equality with the doctor, replied that she had no more money than himself; and that, though she had not a relative hanged, she had fifty who deserved hanging.

A London paper states that "it has been determined by the French ministry, apparently in view of the apprehended depreciation of gold in relation to silver, to propose to the Assembly an immediate abolition of the law making gold, equally with silver, a legal tender.

CONVIVIALITIES IN PRISON.—The prisoners in jail in Cincinnati were treated on Christmas day to a substantial dinner in the jail.

Speeches were made by the prisoners, and after dinner a number of dances were given by a colored boy. In the evening, a young man, one of the invited guests, attempted to have some sport with the thieves, when his watch suddenly disappeared. After he had complained about his loss some time, one of the thieves handed him his watch, coolly remarking, that he must be careful what company he keeps.

☞ A certain genuine Deutscher in this city has distinguished himself of late years by very remarkable actions, but nothing richer than the following: Resolving to be divorced from his wife, he put the case into the hands of an eminent layer, and departed for the South, where he was absent for a year. On returning, he walked into the "legal den," and, with head bolt upright, gravely inquired, "How doesh it co mit ter divorce petween me and mine vife?" "Why, really, Meinherr, I haven't been able to do much during your absence, but now you're back, we'll go ahead." "Yaw; den be so goot as to inform me vot te expenses might have peen ven de diforce will be concluded?" The man of law, after calculating and summing up the items, informed him that the "damage" would probably amount to two hundred and fifty dollars when the divorce should be obtained. "Very well, den," replied Meinherr, "I vould ask you, if to save de expenses, and spare de droubles, it would not pe pest to squosh de whole proceedings—*for mine vife is teadt!*"—*Knickerbocker.*

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 19, 1850.

The beautiful city of Raleigh, the capital of North Carolina, reposes upon a number of gently swelling eminences, which, by graceful and gradual slopes, are imperceptibly lost in the picturesque region in the vicinity.—The city and country are mutually interblended together, and the whole neighborhood is distinguished for its stately groves and magnificent forest scenery. The principal streets in the city are sufficiently broad to be denominated avenues. They are bordered by large elms and oaks, and adorned by numerous stores and dwelling houses. Private mansions are distributed about on the most eligible sites, and are generally constructed on a liberal and imposing scale, having spacious gardens attached to them, and not unfrequently rich conservatories stocked with rare exotics, choice shrubbery, and orange and lemon trees laden with fruit. The climate is temperate and salubrious, and the society of the place has long been distinguished for its courtesy, refinement, and intellectual cultivation. Schools and churches abound to an unusual degree, and the former attract the patronage of the whole State.

The Capitol of the State is a grand and conspicuous edifice—in the estimation of many the noblest in the whole Union, and superior to the former one, which was consumed by fire in 1837, destroying at the same time the celebrated statue of Washington, a work of art which has not been replaced.

The legislature is now in session. Both houses present the appearance of dignity, decorum, and intelligence. The Democrats maintain a majority both in the Senate and Commons, and have carried the speakership in each. In visiting the assembly I was struck with the fact that not a single seat seemed to be vacant. Every member was punctually at his post, attending to his official trust, and bearing in mind his responsibility to the vigilent sovereigns of the ballot box.

Frugality, economy, republican simplicity, integrity, loyalty and a conscientious sense of duty, are acknowledged characteristic traits of the North Carolinians.

Not addicted to arrogance and ostentation. prudence and circumspection are habitual qualities with them, and if under their tranquilizing influences they have been less prominent in the ardent career of public notoriety, these conservative attributes have been found in the long run most conducive to the best interests of the people and State, and to their permanent credit and respectability both at home and abroad.

The abolition excitement, which, in its present aspect, is only a fanatical nuisance, has given rise to a good deal of warmth of feeling and discussion throughout the South. The judicious and independent course pursued by the Journal of Commerce in this matter, is fully justified by the practical bearings and results of this vexatious topic.—Northern people visit the South freely.—They carry on business, own property, fill the churches and public schools, and engross the superintendence of nearly all the public works. Here they live comfortably, and acquire wealth. They respect the people with whom they dwell, and are respected in return, while Southern merchants look to the North for a commercial mart, and the children of the inhabitants are usually sent to the North for a northern education. But now many changes are taking place. Men are filled with distrust. They pause to reflect before they act, and every one begins to ask: "Are there any laws in the land? Have we become suddenly disfranchised of our rights? Shall northern partizanship usurp an unlimited domination and espionage even over our most private and domestic concerns?" These are pertinent questions, and admit of pertinent solutions, while extreme measures and indiscreet interference rouse the just indignation of a whole people.

A defensive warfare on political grounds is not only evoked, but a superaddition of other influences is acquired from the fairer portion of the community; for I find that the ladies, one and all, are quite ready frankly to avow their disapprobation of foreign and northern fanaticism. Here is no inconsiderable degree of strength—localized, it is true, but not exaggerated or unnatural, and endued with the irresistible force of early traditional associations, which we may attempt to sever, but which a thousand considerations and inherent impulses compel us to respect. Many merchants have already been partially diverted from the northern cities, and have obtained their supplies as much as practicable elsewhere, while a great many families have been dissuaded from sending their children any longer to Northern institutions, thus impairing at the North the hard earned incomes of many worthy citizens; and interrupting that free communication and interchange of social thought and feeling among a people which are so well calculated to liberalize their sentiments, to soften their prejudices, and to cement them together by the indissoluble bonds of fraternal concord and harmony. North Carolina may be said to be in a highly prosperous condition. Her ample internal resources are becoming more and more developed; her educational interests are in active and thriving operation; her treasury is overflowing her public credit, now, as it has always been, is undisputed; and since the last census her population has increased one hundred thousand.

ACTION.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Jan. 9th.

Wm. P. Watt, the Senator elect from Rockingham, appeared, produced his credentials, was qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Cameron introduced a bill to facilitate the construction of the Fayetteville and Centre Plank Road, which was read the first time and passed; and on his motion, referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Joyner introduced a bill concerning the Seaboard and Roanoke Rail Road Company, which was read the first time and passed.

Mr. Pender introduced a bill to incorporate the Roanoke and Cheraw Steam Boat Company, which was read the first time and passed.

Mr. Grist introduced a bill to run the boundary line between Craven and Beaufort Counties, which was read the first time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Bond, the Resolution heretofore introduced by him in relation to the appointment of delegates to attend the World's Fair, was taken up; whereupon he offered a substitute, which was amended on motion of Mr. Haughton, and Mr. Washington,

And the question being on the passage of the Resolution, was determined in the negative. Ayes 13; noes 35.

Mr. Caldwell, of Mecklenburg, nominated W. W. Avery, for Trustee of the University, and on his motion, a message was sent to the House of Commons, informing them of said nomination.

Received a message from the House of Commons, stating that the hour of eleven having arrived, they would proceed on the return of the messenger to vote for two Trustees of the University of North Carolina, in accordance with the joint agreement, and announcing that Messrs. Jones and Cherry constitute the House branch of the Committee, to superintend said election. And that Hon. David S. Reid, W. W. Avery, J. H. Haughton, Walter L. Steele, John G. Bynum and Kader Biggs, are in nomination.

The Senate, under the superintendance of Messrs. Drake and Richardson, then proceeded to vote as follows.

For Mr. Reid, 27. For Mr. W. W. Avery, 22. For Mr. J. H. Haughton, 23. For Mr. W. L. Steele, 3. For Mr. Bynum, 17. For Mr. Biggs, 2.

Mr. Drake from the Committee appointed to superintend the election of two Trustees of the University, reported that D. S. Reid had received 89 votes, W. W. Avery 71, J. H. Haughton 63, W. L. Steele 45, and J. G. Bynum 40 votes; that D. S. Reid having received a majority of the votes given, was duly elected.

On motion of Mr. Speight, ordered that a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to vote again for one Trustee of the University, yet remaining to be elected.

On motion of Mr. T. R. Caldwell, the name of J. G. Bynum was withdrawn from the nomination.

The Senate now proceeded to consider the following engrossed bills and resolution, which were transmitted from the House of Commons by message, on yesterday, viz:

A resolution appropriating one thousand dollars for furnishing the Governor's House.

A bill to incorporate the Garysburg and Occoneeche Plank Road Company.

The bill to repeal a portion of the act, entitled an act, to erect a toll bridge on the Catawba river, between the Counties of Caldwell and Catawba, was read second time and passed.

The bill to amend an act, entitled an act, to incorporate the town of Kinston, in Lenoir County, was read the third time and passed, and ordered to be engrossed.

The Senate then took a recess until 3½ oclock.

3½ O'CLOCK.

The evening session was consumed in debating amendments to the Slavery Resolutions, without coming to any final determination.

[The nature of the proceedings will more fully appear under the Editorial head.]

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Sloan presented a memorial from citizens of Rutherford opposing the establishment of the county of Tryon; which was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Tripp, a memorial from citizens of Beaufort, praying an appropriation to cut a canal; which was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Foster, of Davidson, a memorial praying a change in the law relating to hands for working the public roads; which was referred.

Mr. Davidson, a petition praying the Legislature to appoint commissioners to lay off a public road from Charlotte to Biggs' Store in Gaston county. Referred.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. J. Barnes introduced an act for the better regulation of the town of Wilson, in the county of Edgecombe. Passed 1st reading.

Mr. Russel, a bill to incorporate Montgomery Division, No. 97, Sons of Temperance. Passed 1st reading.

Mr. Harrison, a bill to incorporate the Conrad Hill Gold Mining Company; also, a bill to incorporate the Lewis Gold Mining Company; which bills passed their first reading, and were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Barco, a bill to repeal an act passed at the General Assembly of 1848-'9, entitled "an act to prevent fishing near the mouth of Raymond's Creek, in the county of Camden. Read first time and passed.

Mr. T. J. Person introduced the following:

Resolved, That a message be sent to the Senate, proposing that both Houses of the Legislature adjourn *sine die* on the 26th inst., and that the clerks make out their estimate accordingly.

Mr. A. J. Leach moved to amend by inserting the 22d; and Mr. G. W. Hayes moved to amend the amendment by inserting the 27th. The amendment of Mr. Hayes prevailed, and the resolution as amended was adopted.

Mr. Martin introduced a resolution providing that from and after to day, the House shall hold night sessions; which was rejected—42, noes 45.

Mr. Dickinson, of Pitt, was excused from serving on the Committee on Cherokee Bonds, and Mr. Love, of Haywood, was appointed in his place.

Mr. Stevenson, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the bill to repeal an act of the General Assembly of 1848-'9, ch. 93, entitled an act to amend an act passed at the last General Assembly, entitled an act to provide for the apprehension of runaway slaves in the Great Dismal Swamp, and for other purposes, and recommended its passage.

After some remarks from Messrs. McCleese, Stubbs and Swanner, the bill passed its 2nd reading—ayes 47, noes 45.

The two Houses proceeded to the election of Trustees of the University.

Mr. Jerkins presented a bill to alter the mode of electing inspectors of Turpentine in the County of Craven. Passed 1st reading.

Mr. Taylor presented a resolution to terminate the debate on the Slavery Resolutions to morrow at five o'clock; which was adopted—ayes 53, noes 35.

An engrossed bill from the Senate to incorporate the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, passed its first reading and was referred to the Select Committee on this subject.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing the disagreement of that body to the proposition to adjourn *sine die* on the 27th inst.; also one proposing that the two Houses go forthwith into an election for one Trustee of the University; which last was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Love, the House went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Jones in the chair, and took up for consideration

THE SLAVERY RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Erwin, of Buncombe, addressed the committee. He favored the doctrine of secession—expected to vote for some of the resolutions offered by the majority of the committee and for some of those offered by the minority, but he did not believe that any of these would accomplish any good. Mr. E.'s main object seemed to be to sustain the proposition to impose tax on the productions of non-slave holding States sold in this State, which he regarded as a constitutional and practical means of meeting the aggressions of the North.

Mr. Thornton, of Warren, followed. He was for submitting to the compromise made at the last session of Congres, but was for saying to to the North, in a clear and distinct manner, that we will not yield any more. His motto was "affection and brotherhood in the Union, or safety and liberty out of it."

When he had concluded, Mr. Wm. Hill moved that the committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, which was agreed to.

The House then took a recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

On motion of Mr. S. P. Hill, the House took up the bill to incorporate the Milton Savings Institution, which passed its third reading.

On motion of Mr. Rayner, the bill to regulate the fishing with seins in North River, in Camden and Currituck counties, was taken up, read 2nd time, and passed.

On motion of Mr. J. M. Leach, the special order—the free suffrage bill—was postponed until Saturday 12 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. R. M. Saunders, the House went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Jones in the Chair, and resumed the consideration of

THE SLAVERY RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Wm. Hill, of New Hanover, addressed the Committee. He gave notice that he would propose certain amendments to the resolutions of the majority, with the view of making them more comprehensive, so as to cover the whole ground. On the doctrine of secession, he said that our government was an anomaly, and history, therefore, could furnish no light on the subject nor the Constitution—that strong minds differed on it—and we had to look at what was safest. He pronounced unqualifiedly for secession. Secession implied peace—revolution implied violence. His motto was: "Endurance for the past—Resistance for the future;" and this motto embraced the ground work of his remarks.

Mr. Steele, of Richmond, followed. He had been called a fire-eater, on this subject; but when he approached it he felt appalled. On the one hand he loved the Union, but when, on the other hand, the aggressions made upon our rights by organized communities, were presented to his mind, his feelings were violent, and he felt a disposition to resist even to a disruption of the Union. Mr. S. would not discuss the doctrine of secession, but he believed that a State had a right to secede from the Union. Secession was not more than revolution, and its promulgation would not be more dangerous. He was a Union man—he had been taught to reverence it. When it is a benefit he loved it; but when an injury, and an instrument of oppression, he would scorn it. The way to preserve the Union was for Southern men, for all who love the Union, whether North or South, to forget party distinctions, and unite for its preservation. Whoever stands up for the rights of the South, he cared not whether he was Whig or Democrat, he esteemed him a brother, and would stand by him.

Mr. S. J. Person, of Moore, desired to address the Committee on this subject, but he wanted the attention of the Committee, and he preferred presenting his views when they were not fatigued. He felt that it was due to himself, to his associates in the report from the minority of the Committee, and to his constituents, that he should speak—and he would speak fearlessly and freely.

The debate was continued further by Mr. R. M. Saunders and by Mr. Rayner in reply; after which, on motion of Mr. Cherry, the Committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

On motion of Mr. Pigott, the House adjourned.

[The Reporter for the Register would remark, in reply to the note of the Reporter for the Standard, that he is at a loss to conceive how "the report of Mr. Eaton's remarks in the Register places Mr. Avery in a wrong position." If the Reporter for the Register mistook Mr. Avery's ground, it was a mistake into which Mr. Eaton and Mr. Rayner also fell, and that too when they noticed his remarks with the intention of replying to them. And the Reporter confidently believes that most of the gentlemen who sit near Mr. Avery understood his position as he did—The Reporter certainly does not wish to do Mr. Avery, or any other member, injustice; and if so many misunderstood him, *it must have been the fault of Mr. Avery.*]

COMMUNICATION.

FOR THE REGISTER.

ALMANACS.

While looking over a table of books, in the Book-Store, the other day, we were greatly impressed with the wonderful progress that has been made in the manufacture of Almanacs. There we saw, lying side by side, this useful article—this indispensable household commodity, varying in price from five cents to one dollar, and intended for nearly every profession in life. Among them were *Turner's North Carolina Almanac*, and the *American Tract Society Almanac*, and the *American Almanac*, to mention no more. And the contents and arrangements were, if possible, even better than the paper and type, and together far superior to any thing we used to see twenty five or thirty years ago. But in looking them all through, we did not find in one, *a* picture that our eyes once greeted with joy, and which we used to scrutinize in our boyish days, with an interest that has left an indelible impression. I mean the figure of a man that usually occupied the second or fourth page, surrounded with the signs of the twelve Constellations. That was a wonderful picture to look at—when pictures were scarce, to what they now are. The columns which contained the days of the month, and the remarks, and prognostications of the weather, and even the names of the saints as given in certain Almanacs, were less frequently consulted, than those in which the aspects were set down, and the signs and the parts of the human body under their respective governance. Nor was any page in the little annual regarded with more implicit belief than that which represented "the anatomy of man's body as the parts thereof were governed by the twelve constellations, or rather by the moon as she passeth by." In that picture, man indeed was not more uglily than fearfully made, as he stood erect and naked, speculated by emitted influences from the said signs like another St. Sebastian. We have one of these old Almanacs now before us, and the following description of the picture will serve in proof, for those who have never seen it.

There stands *Homo*, naked but not ashamed, upon two Pisces, one foot upon each, the fish being neither in air, nor water, nor upon the earth, but self-suspended, as it seems, in the void. Aries has alighted with two feet on *Homo's* head, and has sent a shaft through the forehead into his brain. Taurus has quietly seated himself across his neck. The Gemini are riding astride a little below his right shoulder. The whole trunk of *Homo* is laid open, as if part of the old accursed punishment for high treason had been performed upon him. The Lion occupies the thorax as his proper domain, and the Crab is in possession of the abdomen. Sagittarius, volant in the void, has just let fly an arrow which is on the way to his right arm. Capricornus breathes out a visible influence that penetrates both knees. Aquarius inflicts similar punctures upon both legs. Virgo fishes, as it were, at his intestines. Libra at the part affected by the Schoolmasters in their anger, while Scorpio takes the wickedest aim of all. In vain do we look among the Almanacs for this picture. We found nothing like it—except in the frontispiece of the *American Almanac*, where we least expected to find it, there is a chunky little curly headed boy, but surely not the offspring of *Homo*, with something like skates on his feet, and wings on his shoulders, too enormous roses in his hand, and a bunch of wheat in his right, running, or skating, or flying away from the ugly things by which he is surrounded, as if scared half out of his wits. But the honest old *Homo* is gone. The progress of useful knowledge has, in our day, at last banished this man from the Almanac; at least, from all annuals of that description that carry with them any appearance of respectability. If it has put an end to the gross superstition attached to this picture, it has done more than the Pope could do, fourteen centuries ago, when he condemned it as one of the pernicious errors of his day. The *medical* superstition connected with this anatomy of *Homo*, and derived from the remotest antiquity—how far back has baffled our researches to ascertain—has continued down to the present generation, and is still propagated in some few of the *popular* Almanacs, to be occasionally met with. So deeply does error strike its roots, and so widely scatter its seeds; and so difficult is it to extirpate any error whatsoever, or any evil which it is the interest of any class of men to maintain. In vain did the pope warn his children by his energetical letters, and fulminate his bulls against all heritics, that "no soothsayer, palterer, no judicial astrologer is able to tell any man the events of his life." But man is

a dupable animal. Quacks in medicine, quacks in politics, and quacks in religion know this, and act upon the knowledge. There is scarcely any one, who may not, like a trout, be taken by tickling.—And we regret to find, notwithstanding the great improvements that the advance of science and the arts have made, that in some of the Almanacs above named, there are other kinds of tickling apparatus affixed, to catch the gullible. Hence, we come to the grave conclusion, that Almanacs are to be still farther expurgated of other quackeries besides the old picture of *Homo* as he stood forth in his primitive nudity, before the race of quacks shall wholly disappear.

ALIQUIS.

DAILY REGISTER.

DAILY ISSUE.

Friday Morning, Jan. 10th.

THE SLAVERY QUESTION—ACTION OF THE SENATE.

We published, on yesterday, the series of resolutions adopted by the Senate, the day before, relative to the agitating subject of the day. We give, this morning, the votings on the two main propositions which came before that body.

It will be recollected that when the series of Resolutions, introduced by Mr. Speaker Edwards, were reported from the Committee of the Whole to the Senate, Mr. Shepard moved to amend by *adding* those reported by the Minority of the Committee on Negro Slavery. A division was called for, and the question being on the passage of the first of those Resolutions, it was adopted by the following vote:

AYES—Messrs. Barrow, Berry, Bower, Bunting, Caldwell, of Mecklenburg, Cameron, Cannaday, Clarke, Collins, Drake, Hargrave, Herring, Hester, Hoke, Jones, McMillan, Nixon, Pender, Rogers, Shepard, Sherrod, Speight, Thompson, Watson, Willey, Williamson and Wooten—27.

NOES—Messrs. Arendell, Barnard, Barringer, Bond, Bynum, Caldwell, of Burke, Davidson, Eborn, Gilmer, Grist, Haughton, Joyner, Kelly, Lane, Lillington, Malloy, Richardson, Sessoms, Washington and Woodfin—20.

The question was then taken on the second Resolution, (the one affirming the right of Secession,) and decided in the negative—Ayes 16, Noes 31.

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Messrs. Bunting, Caldwell, of Mecklenburg, Clarke, Drake, Hargrave, Herring, Hoke, Jones, McMillan, Nixon, Pender, Shepard, Sherrod, Speight, Thompson and Watson—16.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Messrs. Arendell, Barnard, Barrow, Barringer, Berry, Bower, Bond, Bynum, Caldwell, of Burke, Cameron, Cannady, Collins, Davidson, Eborn, Gilmer, Grist, Haughton, Hester, Joyner, Kelly, Lane, Lillington, Malloy, Richardson, Rogers, Sessoms, Washington, Willey, Williamson, Woodfin and Wooten—31.

The Resolutions, as amended by the addition of the first Resolution of the Minority Committee, then passed their second reading, *nem. con.* without a count; [and not by a vote 25 to 12, as stated yesterday.]

On yesterday, however, Mr. Lillington, Senator from Rowan and Davie, moved an amendment to that Resolution of the *Minority* Committee adopted the day before, (the substance of which Resolution, it will be recollected, is, that the Union is *only* a compact or league of sovereign *States*,) that there is such a thing as a Government of the United States, and supported his amendment in a lucid, powerful and eloquent argument—giving the history of the manner in which the present Constitution was ratified, by *the People* of the sovereign States. This amendment was voted down by a strict party vote, except that Messrs. Pender and Shepard voted with the majority.

So, that, according to the vote of the majority, we have *no Government* of the *United States!!*

Mr. Lillington then offered an amendment declaring the true principles of the Government, as defined by, and in *the very words of*, JAMES MADISON; which was also, in like manner, voted down! This amendment and the names of those voting for and against it shall appear to-morrow.

It is very apparent, that there are some who are *afraid of the People*, and consequently decline to vote *openly* for the doctrine of Secession, yet who are willing, not only to vote *indirectly* for it, but to repudiate the Fathers of Republicanism, and to get the People virtually committed to some views which lead easily to a dissolution of the Union. For, if our Union be, as asserted in the Resolution of the Minority, simply a league of *States*, with which the *People* had nought to do, then it *plainly* follows, that the advocates of Disunion have gained a point, *if* they can get the People to endorse the doctrine.

Whatever phase the present action of the Senate may thus far present, it is, at least, a subject of congratulation, that the heated and avowed advocates of Secession have been voted down, in the rejection of the 2nd Resolution of the Minority.

Mr. Gilmer offered, prior to the adjournment, his own resolutions, as a substitute. They come up, this morning, as the unfinished business.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.

We believe that there is no place in the Union, with an equal population, that furnishes such lean bills of mortality as Raleigh. For the last twelve months, the whole number of deaths, from whatever cause, and including children of every age, was only 39, viz:

Whites,	15
Blacks,	24
	39

[BY REQUEST.]

Raleigh, January 9th, 1850.

EDITOR OF THE TIMES.—*Dear Sir:* We observe in the "Times" of the 3rd inst., a note signed by ourselves and others, subscribing to your paper.

It is possible that our object may be misconceived; and it is due to ourselves to state *explicitly* what we intended.

We heartily approved and still approve of your course on the subject of Constitutional reform; and we desired to give you substantial evideuce of our approbation.

We do not mean to reflect upon our edi orial friends, here or elsewhere, who agree with us in sentiment and are helping us to defend what we consider to be a just cause; nor do we wish to be regarded as desiring to dictate opinions for any organ of public sentiment, or to contract the circulation of any newspaper which may feel itself called upon to express or defend honest opinions on any subject, differing from our own.

Please publish the above and oblige.

Yours very truly,

John A. Gilmer,	G. F. Davidson,
C. H. Wiley,	J. M. Leach,
D. F. Caldwell,	J. A. Lillington,
A. G. Foster,	Peter Adams,
T. G. Walton,	T. R. Caldwell,
A. B. McMillan,	G. G. McKoy,
John Hays,	G. W. Hays,
J. W. Scott,	D. W. Siler,
A. M. Foster,	N. W. Woodfin,

We publish above a copy of a note, the original of which, as we are informed, has been sent to the Editor of the "Raleigh Times." The note will speak for itself; and we may be permitted to say, that so far as we are concerned, we feel satisfied that no injustice was intended to us. The first letter *might* be construed into a reflection upon ourself, among others; and if there are any who think so, we invite their attention to the disclaimer above. It has been written and signed without solicitation, as we understand, from any quarter.

That our position may be clearly understood, we take this occasion to say, once for all, that we ardently desire the prosperity of the whole State, and of all its sections; and as one means of promoting it, we are in favor of a Convention of the people, upon proper basis, to fix on a Constitution that will secure the approbation of all good citizens, and put an end to an excitement which may benefit demagogues, but will do no good to any other class. These are our sentiments; we have avowed them before, and we avow them now, not to please any section, but to place ourselves right before the public.

THE STUDIO.

Mr. BROWNE, the accomplished Artist, has added several new and striking portraits to his fine collection. Among the number, we notice that of the venerable Ex-Gov. IREDELL—a most capital likeness and a very superior painting.

Mr. B. will remain in Raleigh but a short time longer, and those who desire his services would do well to avail themselves thereof immediately. An Artist of his skill and merit is not to be met with often.

MARRIED.

In this city, on Wednesday night last, at the Methodist Church, by the Rev. B. T. Blake, Mr. Joseph Hardie to Miss Emeline Murray.

DIED.

Of Chronic Diarrhea, on the 13th of Nov. 1850, at his residence in Caddo Parish, Louisiana, Maj. Joseph Sims, formerly a resident of Franklin Co., N. C.

While the deceased was energetic and successful in secular pursuits, he was not indifferent to the high and important concerns of eternity. For a number of years he had been a consistent and zealous member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

☞ City papers please copy.

RALEIGH DISTRICT, NO. 1.

CONSTABLE'S ELECTION.

HINTON FRANKLIN begs leave to inform the citizens of this District, that he is a Candidate for re-election; and returns his thanks to his friends for their former confidence and support.

Raleigh, Jan. 10th, 1851. 2t

$50 REWARD.

WILL be paid to any person in North Carolina, who will communicate to the undersigned where the wife of Robert Hyslop may be found. This Robert Hyslop came into Georgia about eighteen months ago, in search of Turpentine business, passed for a single man, married one Mary Hines, who has recently died, leaving one child by the said Hyslop, and several negroes, the latter of which said Hyslop has attempted to eloign. He has already sold one of his wife's negroes, but being arrested for vagrancy, and the child being likely to be chargeable to the County, the sale was considered void; yet attempts are made to establish it. The said Hyslop has been in several jails, in the poor house of Charleston, where his wife suffered much, and he has a desperate character. Report has since reached this place, that he has a wife living somewhere in North Carolina, and it seems so probable that I have taken this method to ascertain the facts Said Hyslop is a chunky, red haired, freckled-faced fellow, notorious for his drunkenness and rambling propensities. I do not know that this is his name; any person suiting this description will likely be him.—He pretended here to be seeking the turpentine business. Fifty dollars will be given for information leading to the proofs of his having a wife living any where. Address the undersigned at Halcyondale Post Office, Scriven County, Georgia.

WILLIS YOUNG

Jan., 5th, 1850. 3t 4

Job Printing, Pamphlets, &c., neatly executed at this Office.

NORTH CAROLINA
MUSIC STORE.

WHERE may always be found a fine collection of Foreign and American Music, Pianos of superior tone and styles. Guitars, Spanish, French and German, Flutes, Violins, Violoncellos, Accordeons, Seraphines and Brass Band Instruments of all kinds, Band Instruction and Blank Books and the best Italian Strings by the single String or Bundle.

Orders from abroad faithfully met and promptly attended to; Catalogues sent to any person who desires purchasing music.

Reliance may be placed upon the recommendation of all Merchandise from the North Carolina Music Store as the articles are all selected with the greatest care and by the Proprietor.

One door North of the City Hall, Fayetteville St.

Raleigh, Jan. 8, 1851. 4

New Books.

ALTON LOCKE, Tailor and Poet, An Autobiography; William's Miscellanies; Foot Print of the Creator. Received this day by

POMEROY & O'NEAL.

January 8th, 1851. 4

Young Ladies Institute,
SALISBURY, N. C.
Rev. Professor Morgan Principal,

IS amply furnished for the reception and comfort of 30 boarding pupils, and for their instruction in all the studies of a liberal and ornamental education, at an expense of 130 to 200 dollars a year, ending n June. Circulars sent to applicants.

Nov. 11th, 1850. 1m 91

RANGERS NOTICE.

TAKEN up and entered on my Stray Book according to law, by Michael Walter living six miles north of the Court House of the County of Cabarrus and town of Concord, a stray horse of the following description: age supposed to be 12 or 13 years; color rather a chesnut sorrel; height 17 hands, shod round, with a reached mane. Said stray was appraised on the 22nd day of November, 1850, to the sum of $20. JOHN MEANS, Ranger.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99

BUSINESS COATS.

125 CHEAP TWEED COATS, at a very low price.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

Just received by Express, this day, a lot of fine French Merinos, assorted colors; ALSO, a lot of Jenny Lind Trimmings.

EVANS & WILLIAMS.

Oct. 21st, 1850. 85

New Music Book.

CANTICA LAUDIS, or the American book of Church Music. By Lowell Mason and Geo. Webb.

ALSO

THE HOME ALTAR.

AN Appeal in behalf of Family Worship, with Prayers and Hymns, for family use. By the Rev. Charles F. Deems.

H. D. TURNER.

Nov. 8th, 1850. 90

WANTED TO HIRE!

A Good Nurse, for whom liberal wages will be given if application, be made immediately. Apply at this Office.

Dec., 13th, 1850. tf 101

CALF SKINS, LINING, &c.

L. BURCH keeps constantly on hand, Calf Skins, Lining Skins, Shoe finding, &c. &c.

Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

Heartt & Litchford
DEALERS IN STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

Fancy Articles, &c. &c.

HAVE received nearly their entire Stock of Fall and Winter Goods—to which they respectfully invite the attention of their friends and customers, and the public generally, and all of which are offered on the most reasonable terms.

Raleigh, Oct. 14th, 1850. 83

WHITE WASH BRUSHES.

A LARGE supply of various sizes, just received and for sale low.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO

Raleigh April 23d 1850. 33

HARPERS MAGAZINE.

ALSO

ADDITIONAL

MEMORIES OF MY YOUTH.

BY

A. DE LAMARTINE.

Just received and for sale by

POMEROY & O'NEAL.

Raleigh, January 7th, 1851. 4

GREAT NUMBER FOR JANUARY.

HARPERS NEW MONTHLY.

Received this day at TURNER'S

N. C. Book-Store.

January 6th, 1851. 5

House and Sign Painting.

THE Subscribers are now prepared to execute in a workman-like manner, all kinds of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

Glazing, Guilding, imitation of all kinds of Marble and every variety of wood.

All orders left at Mrs. Hardie's, opposite the Market House, will receive prompt attention.

WHITLOCK & HARDIE.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1850. tf 74

GENTLEMEN'S HATS.

FALL STYLE FOR 1850.

SOMETHING entirely new and decidedly elegant. Call and examine.

R. TUCKER & SON.

SUGARS.—

125 hhds fair to prime Sugars.

175 bbls clarified, crushed and powdered do.

75 boxes loaf Sugar, for sale by

PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.

Petersburg, July 22 1850. 59

F. MORRIS & CO.,
Managers of Lotteries.

PURCELL has the pleasure of presenting to his correspondents the following brilliant schemes for January, under the management of F. Morris & Co. sole contractors and managers.

All schemes of the Maryland Lotteries are examined and approved by the State Commissioners, and all drawings conducted under their personal superintendance.

Bonds to a heavy amount are deposited with the State Commissioners to secure the payment of all prizes

The many splendid prizes which have been sold and paid at sight by PURCELL in the last five years, has given his tickets a decided preference over all others. There is no scarcity of large prizes at his office, and to secure them it is only necessary to address orders to F. MORRIS & CO., Managers, or to

C. W. PURCELL.

Richmond, Va.

Grand Schemes for January.

$55,366, 40 of $5000.

Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class C, to be drawn on Saturday January 11th, 1851. 79 numbers, 12 drawn,

CAPITALS.			
1 of	$55,366	179 of	600
40 of	5,000	lowest 3 No. prize	

Tickets $15 Halves 7,50, Quarters 3,75.

$35,000, $15,000.

Susquehanna Lottery, Class 7, to be drawn on Wednesday, January 15th, 78 Numbers and 16 drawn.

CAPITALS.			
1 of	$35,000	1 of	3,606
1 of	15,000	20 of	1,000
1 of	7,500	20 of	005

Tickets $10, Halves 5, Quarters $2,50.

☞ Orders for Tickets in any of the Maryland Lotteries will meet the most prompt and confidential attention, if addressed to F. MORRIS & CO., Managers, or to C. W. PURCELL,

Richmond, Va.

December 27th, 1850. 104

FRESH ARRIVALS

SEMI-WEEKLY.

HARDING & CO. will receive new goods twice a week during the entire season, direct from the Manufactory. By this arrangement, purchasers will always find something new and attractive by examining their Stock. As for Bargains, Gents, you cant begin to buy as cheap elsewhere. Call and examine yourselves

Under the Telegraph Office,

Fayetteville street.

Raleigh, Nov. 14th, 1850 92

Pepsin, the true Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice.

THIS is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, General Debility and Nervous Consumption, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own Agent, the Gastric Juice. For sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Raleigh, December 27th, 1850. 104

DIARY AND DAILY

Pocket Remembrance, for 1850.

FOR the use of Private Families and Persons of business; containing an Almanac and Banking Table, Counting House Almanac, and a Blank space for memorandums, for every day in the year.

For Sale at the

N. C. BOOKSTORE.

Raleigh Nov. 12th, 1850.

NEW NOVEL!

DAVID COPPERFIELD

COMPLETE, BY

CHARLES DICKENS,

With Illustrations, just received and for sale by

POMEROY & O'NEAL.

Dec. 24. 104

Oxford Female Academy.

THE regular exercises in this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 12th day of January next.

Terms per Session of 5 months:

Board, including washing, fuel, lights, &c.	$45 00
Tuition in the English Branches,	15 00
Latin or French, extra,	5 00
Music on Piano with use of instrument,	20 00

SAM'L L. VENABLE,

Principal.

Oxford, Dec. 16, 1850. 102—w4w

HARDING & CO. have just received and opened a new lot of fine Over Coats and Coats.

ALSO,

Fine Fancy Silk Cravats, beautiful Party Vests, &c.

December 17th, 1850. 102

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the presen General Assembly of North Carolina, to incorporate the "Brick Shoals Manufacturing Company" in the county of Surry.

November 25th, 1850. w2w

J. KANE'S
RESTAURANT.

IS open for the season; and everything furnished in such establishments will be served up in the best style, and at the shortest notice.

FRESH SUPERIOR OYSTERS

RECEIVED DAILY.

My Restaurant is on the Corner of Fayetteville and Martin Streets, in the vicinity of the Court House, Yarbro's and Lawrence's Hotels.

P. S. There is a BILLIARD ROOM attached to the Establishment.

Raleigh, Nov. 19th, 1850. 94 ltf

PERFUMED MATCHES.

OF Superior quality, just received by

P. F. PESCUD.

ALSO.

English and American Mustard in qt. Bottles and qt. tin cans, of best quality and very cheap.

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh Sept. 21st, 1850. 76

NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC STORE.

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of announcing to the people of North Carolina, that he intends to open in this City, in December next,

A MUSIC STORE,

where will always be found a complete assortment of Foreign and American Music, and Musical Instruments; all of which will be selected by himself.

The Pianos will be from the best Manufactories in the United States, and will be sold at New York and Philadelphia prices.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1850. 89 tf

A CARD.

THE Subscriber, having made arrangemen with Mrs. Frances Wilson of Norfolk, will be in the receipt of a regular supply of the finest

Norfolk Oysters,

together with fresh fish, smoked beef, beef tongues, and other rare luxuries, and he flatters himself, by using his best exertions to please, to receive a liberal support.

His regular supply of Oysters will commence about the 1st of November, and continue through the season.

He has engaged a part of **Mr. Willis Scott's** house on the corner of Market Square and Wilmington Street, where he will be pleased to receive the orders of Mrs. Wilson's former friends and customers.

H. J. POWELL.

Raleigh, October 25th, 1850.

BUSINESS COATS.

100 MORE of those desirable Coats; just opened—at the low price of $4 50.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Nov. 15th, 1850. 92

Wanted.

A GOOD House-maid. Enquire at this office.

Raleigh, Aug. 6th, 1850. 63 3t

FORWARDING.

I WILL attend to the forwarding of all Goods at Wilmington and Fayetteville, at the usual commission; and will, in all cases, forward by first boat without reference to *lines*. All orders for purchasers will be strictly attended to. Direct to care of

W. BRANSON,
Fayetteville and Wilmington.

April16, 1850. 31 tf

English, Goshen, and Parmesan Chees, just to hand

R. TUCKER & SON.

Raleigh September 21st, 1850. 76

MYER'S CELEBRATED CHEWing Tobacco; Imported Cigars of different Brands. Just received by

R. TUCKER & SON.

October 8th, 1850. 81

JENNY LIND SLIPPERS.

JUST received, and for sale by

O. L. BURCH.

Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

Valuable Land for Sale.

A Valuable Tract of Land containing 208 acres lying between four and five miles West of Raleigh, on both sides of Walnut Creek, and adjoining the land of Rev. Thos. Meredith and others, will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

M. A. BLEDSOE.

Raleigh, August 17, 1850. 66

PRIME SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

And the best Imported Cigars,

MAY BE FOUND AT

HENRY KEIM'S

GENERAL VARIETY STORE,

First Corner North of Yarbrough House,

And opposite Lawrence's Hotel,

Keeps on hand a good assortment of Useful, Fancy and Ornamental Articles, Confectionaries, Groceries

1 Doz. Guitars, on hand, from $1 to $35.
4 Doz. Violins, from $1 to $25.
A Variety of Accordeons.

HENRY KEIM.

Nov. 24th, 1850. 95

NEGRO CLOTHING.

WE have a large assortment of Negro Clothing, all kinds of Jackets, Over Coats, Pants and Vests, that we will sell cheaper than the goods can be purchased, much less to have them made. To which we invite the heads of families who have their ervants to supply

OLIVER & PROCTER.

Oct. 12, 1850. 82

N. PERRY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

SYCAMORE STREET,

3 doors above Bank, PETERBURG, Va.

SUPERIOR

Ready Made Clothing,

AND

GENTLEMEN'S

UNDER DRESS.

SHIRTS, COLLARS,

CRAVATS, STOCKS,

HANDKERCHIEFS,

SUSPENDERS,

UMBRELLAS. TRUNKS, &c.

September 8th, 1850. 73 tf.

TO PAINTERS.

The Painter, Gilder, and Varnisher's Companion.

CONTAINING Rules and Regulations in Everything relating to the Arts of Painting, Gilding, Varnishing and Glass Staining.

H. D. TURNER.

FRESH HOPS.

CROP of 1850, for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Raleigh, December 3rd, 1850. 97

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

OF the best quality may be found at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

November 21st. 94

BEAUTIFUL FANCY SILK VESTS.

3 Doz. of decidedly the prettiest styles in market

At HARDING & CO'S.

Raleigh, Nov. 14th, 1850. 92

SARATOGA WATER.

IN Quarts and Pints, just received and for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

2000 Acres of Land.

THE Subscriber is desirous of selling his land lying within three miles of Raleigh, on both sides of the road to Fayetteville.

The above land is well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Tobacco or Cotton, is well watered and healthy, and can be advantageously divided into three or four tracts, to suit small farmers, or residences for persons from the lower country.

Notes at interest, or Young Negroes will be received in Payment.

Persons desirous of seeing the above land will call on the Subscribor, or, in his absence, his Brother on the Premises.

JOSEPH T. HUNTER.

Sept, 23rd, 1850. 6w 77

S. F. PHILLIPS,

ATTENDS THE COURTS in the Counties of Orange, Alamance, Wake and Chatham.

apel ChHill, N. C., May 24, 1849. 24

TEA! TEA! TEA!

IMPERIAL, Young Hyson and Gunpowder, for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Nov. 21st, 1850. 94

TO INVALIDS.

AT Pescud's Drug Store you may find Old London Dock Brandy, Porter, Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, selected expressly for Medicinal purposes. Also, Capsules of Copaiba and Cubebs, Castor Oil Capsules, Tarrants, Marshalls and Carpenters Ex'ts of Copaiba Cubebs, &c., and all the most popular Patent Medicines in use.

Nov, 21st. 94

CLOTHING BAZAAR.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Fashionable Clothing,

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber enters the field of competition with a large and well selected assortment of all the new styles of Fashionable Garments for the Fall and Winter Trade. Determined to maintain the increasing reputation of the 'Clothing Bazaar,' every effort has been made to produce styles of Clothing well adapted to this market; from the very lowest price to the finest quality of Clothing. Customers can depend upon finding our garments well made, however low the price.

Merchants are invited to examine our stock, as we are determined not to be undersold by any house in the trade.

The fancy Department is full, embracing English French and Italian Cravats, Gloves, Suspenders, Shirts, Collars, &c, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by

N. PERRY.

Petersburg, Sept 8th. 1850, tf 73

SELF-PROTECTORS,

TO TRAVELLERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS

The greatest modern Improvement in Fire-Arms.

ELF-COCKING & SELF-REVOLVING POCKET PISTOLS.

DAILY EXPECTED, a large importation of fine Guns, Pistols, Powder Flasks, Shot-Bags, Bird-bags, &c., &c., all which will be sold low.

C. B. ROOT.

MUSTARD.

ENGLISH, French and American, of superior quality. WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

21st, 93

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

THE Members of the Legislature and others who want superior **Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,** are requested to try the supply just received by

P. F. PESCUD.

Nov. 21st. 94

Pleasant Grove Academy,

FRANKLIN COUNTY,

North Carolina.

THE Exercises of this Institution will commence on Monday, the 6th of January next, under the charge of Mr. Edwin L. Barrett, a gentleman eminently qualified to instruct in all the branches taught in preparatory schools. The Academy will be neat and comfortable, situated about 200 yards from the residence of the subscriber, known to be one of the most healthy locations in the State, and equidistant from Louisburg and the Shocco Springs.

Board can be had with the Subscriber, at $6,50 per month, and also in the families of Mr. Joseph J. Jones, Mr. Thomas Person, Mrs Elizabeth Branch and others, all convenient to the Academy, at the above rates.

Parents and guardians may rest assured, that every attention will be paid, both to the morals and literary pursuits of the students; and owing to the healthiness of the situation, the purity of the water and the morality of the neighborhood, the public and particularly those living in the lower country, would do well to give this institution a trial.

TUITION PER SESSION.

For the Languages, and higher English branches,	$15
Lower English branches,	10

Address the Subscriber, Louisburg, N. C.

WM. J. BRANCH.

December 1st, 1850. 4tw 99

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

CONSISTING of Jackets and Pantaloons, attached and detached Over Coats, &c. To which we invite the attention of the Ladies.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

October 14. 84

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

NO. 2, Vol. 11, S. C. Reports, being the decisions at the August Term, has just been issued from this Office.

November 26th, 1850.

To my Town & Country friends.

THE Subscriber would respectfully call the attention of his Town and Country friends to his stock of Family Groceries, which he is determined to sell on as good terms as any one in the place. Among his stock may be found.

80 Bbbls. best Petersburg Flour—whole and half barrels.
2 Hhds. Bright and Dry P. R. Sugar,
5 bbls. do do N. O. do
6 do Crushed do
5 do Clarified do
4 do Pulverized do
1 Package best Loaf do
Rio, Laguira and Java Coffe,
Imperial and Black Tea, a fine article,
Tallow, Adamantine and Sperm candles,
Washing and Fancy Soaps,
Crane's Wash mixture—a superior article,
A fine lot imported segars—different brands,
Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather; and many articles in the Grocery and Confectionary line.

Give me a call, and I am determined not to be undersold by Jew or Gentile.

L. B. WALKER.

Raleigh, Nov. 7th 1850. 91

National Hotel.

NO. 5 COURTLAND STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT having passed into the hands of Mr. Geo. Seeley, formerly of the Eastern Pearl St. House, has been recently improved by the addition of

FORTY NEW ROOMS,

And has also been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished for the accomodation of the Public.

It is the aim of the Proprietor to render the **NATIONAL** quite equal to any of its cotemporaries in all those essentials that contribute to the reputation of a well conducted and well ordered Hotel.

The House is of the largest size, eligibly located, within three doors of Broadway, and in all respects conveniently arranged to promote the comfort and convenience of Guests. Persons visiting New York are respectfully invited to make their home at this Hotel during their stay in the City.

GEORGE SEELEY,
Proprietor.

New York, June 28, 1850. 53 6m

To Physicians, Chemists &c.

THE Subscribers offer Physicians a large and well selected assortment of pure

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

They would also invite the attention of Chemists and Lecturers to their stock of

Pure Re-agents Chemicals and Chemical Wares.

Priced Catalogues furnished upon application, post-paid.

BULLOCK & CRENSHAW,

Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, 6th and Arch Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

September 1st, 1850. 6m- 71

C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

Charleston, S. C.

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and those who purchase Dry Goods, in their city, that they are now prepared to offer a large, choice and well assorted Stock of **Foreign and Fancy Dry Goods.**

As they receive the bulk of their Goods, *direct* from European Ports, they feel assured of being able to compete successfully with any other Market in the United States.

209 King, North West Corner of King and Marg

August 24th, 1850. w3m

WORKS BY THE REV. C B TAYLOR.

RECORDS of a good Man's Life,
Margaret, or the Pearl.
Scenes in a Clergyman's life,
Earnestness.

H. D. TURNER.

Nov. 12th, 1850. 91

MERINO DRAWERS AND SHIRTS,

10 Dozen just at hand, Very cheap.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Superior Family Flour, made at Col. Thomas McGehee's Mill.

For Sale by

R. TUCKER & SON.

Ladies Shoes and Slippers.

JUST received, by Express, direct from the manufactory.

Ladies Kid and Morocco Walking Shoes, (Ties and Buskins,)
do do and do Slippers.

ALSO ON HAND.

100 pieces Light and Dark Calico,
Bleached and Brown Shirtings and Sheetings,

With a general assortment of

Dry Goods,	Hats and Shoes,
Lawns and Ginghams,	Groceries,
Cambrics and Jaconetts,	Crockery.

For sale, low, by

J. BROWN,

No. 9 Fayetteville Street.

Raleigh, August 6th, 1850. 63

Sedgwick Female SEMINARY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE Spring term of this Institution will open on Tuesday the first day of January, 1851.

TERMS per session of five months (payable in advance.)

Board and English Tuition,	$60,00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20,00
Use of Instruments,	3,00
Latin and French, each,	10,00
Incidental expenses,	1,00

MRS. J. J. FINCH, Principal.

November 2 1850. 4t 96

Notice.

THE Subscriber has determined to locate in this City, and having procured a sufficient number of competent assistants, is prepared to execute in the most finished Style, all kinds of

PAINTING, GLAZING, AND RE-GLAZING

Orders from the City or surrounding Country, if left at the Drug Store of P. F. Pescud, will be promply executed and satisfaction guarantied.

Reference as to ability, character, &c., will be given to all who may wish to patronise him.

WM. M. OVERBY.

Raleigh May 20, 1850. 41

Soldiers Claims.

THE undersigned having much experience and success in the business, still takes military claims for Bounty lands and Pensions for prosecution before the government, on very reasonable terms, and with the utmost faithfulness and dispatch. All letters to him, from claimants, must be postage paid.

☞ The last Congress gave lands to all the officers and Soldiers who served one month or longer, and if dead, to their widows and minor children, in all the wars of the United States, since 1790.

And provision is now also made for pensions Widows of Soldiers of the Revolution, who married before the year 1800.

He can furnish information concerning the grades of officers of the Revolutionary War, which is all important to claimants, and difficult to procure elsewhere. His charges will be moderate.

*** Any information concerning the heirs of the following officers of the Revolution will be thankfully received, viz:

Thomas Clark,	James Hogan,
Alexander Martin,	Wm. Davis,
James Martin,	John White,
James Moore,	Joshua Boman.

He can also furnish a copy of the rolls of the Officers and Soldiers of the State of North Carolina in the war with Great Britain, declared 18th of June 1812, giving in many instances the length of service, their respective offices and Regiments; the time of entering the service ☞ also the deserters, and every particular to facilitate the Collection of their Claims. Every agent should have a copy. Cost —only $10 each county!

J. H. KIRKHAM,
Raleigh N. C.

Raleigh, November 1st, 1850. 88

☞ Standard copy.

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS,

And the Public Generally.

HAVING associated with me in the Clothing business, Mr. Silvester Smith, it will henceforward be conducted under the firm of J. J. Biggs & co. Mr. Smith has been long known as a Merchant Tailor, but is now turning his attention to the Ready Made business, and it is the design of the New firm, to keep up a large assortment of all kinds of

Ready Made Clothing,

Our Stock of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, will also be kept up, a beautiful assortment of which is now being opened, embracing all the latest styles.

Mr. PEACH will attend to the Cutting Department, as heretofore.

J. J. BIGGS.

Raleigh, Oct. 18th 1850. 8 46t

New Goods!

SEPTEMBER, 1850.

Peebles, Scott & White,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.

WE beg leave to announce to our friends and customers that we are now in possession of our stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing a general assortment of the most fashionable style of Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, suited to the Fall and Winter Trade.

We respectfully solicit an examination of our assortment by Country Merchants, as well as those buying at retail.

Our stock is large and commodious. In it will be found all the leading articles usually kept in a Fashionable Dry Goods Store.

PEEBLES, SCOTT & WHITE.

Sept. 22nd, 1850. 77

HOUSE PAINTING.

THE undersigned having purchased JERRY, well known as an excellent and skilful

House Painter,

hereby gives notice, that he will hire him out by the day or job, on liberal terms. Persons desiring his services will please apply to Mills H. Brown, in this place, or to the subscriber, at Fish Dam, Wake.

CALVIN J. ROGERS.

Dec. 21st, 1850. 2m 103

BLAKE'S

Patent Fire Proof Paint.

☞ This most singular substance, in a few months after applied, turns to *Slate or Stone*, forming a complete coat of Mail, protecting whatever is covered from the action of Fire and Weather. It has now been tested more than six years and shows that TIME and the ELEMENTS only seem to *indurate* or *harden* the substance; it seems to be a perfect desideratum for all outside painting that has for centuries been sought in vain. For all descriptions of buildings, either Brick, Wood, or roofs of Wood or Metal, there is nothing equal to it. So highly are its Fire proof qualities appreciated in Akron, Ohio, where it is best known, that all the Insurance Companies have published that they will Insure Buildings well covered with it at a much lower premium than those covered with Tin or Zinc, as it has been tried in several fires there and stood much longer than either. For Rail Road Depots Bridges, Steam boat and Car decks, for all kinds of Iron, it forms a coating nearly as hard as the Iron itself and never cleaves off.

A large supply just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

Dec, 3rd, 1850. 97

J. HENRY HARRISS,

UPHOLISTERER AND MATTRESS MAKER,

WOULD respectfully inform the Public, that he constantly keeps on hand a supply of the best Bed Mattresses of all kinds—including the much approved SHUCK AND COTTON MATTRESS, which will be found a perfect luxury, either in Summer or Winter. Also,

SOFAS, LOUNGES, EASY CHAIRS,

&c.,

manufactured in every style to order.

Repairing of all kinds done at the shortest notice and all work warranted to be done in the best and most wrokmanlike manner.

N. B. The public will please bear in mind that I attend personally to the manufacture of my Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges &c.

Raleigh, Nov. 5. 1850. 89 tf

A LOT OF THOMASTOWN LIME,

Just received and for Sale by

R. TUCKER & SON.

November 28th, 1850. 97

THE

VOL. LII.

THE DAILY REGIS

SEATON GALE

EDITOR AND PROPR

THE SEMI-WEEKLY RE

Is issued on Wednesdays and S per annum in advance; $4.50 if n six months; and $5 if not paid unti of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGIS

Is issued every Wednesday at within four months; otherwise $3.

BUSINESS DIREC

RALEIGH POST O

MAIL ARRANGEME

Northern Mail—By Rail Roa 1-2 p. m., and closes at 11½ a. m.

Southern—Two-horse stage, du m., closes at 12 m.

Greensborough—Four-horse st day, Wednesday and Saturday a closes Sunday, Wednesday and

Newbern—Four-horse stage, du Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., and Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.

Tarborough—Two-horse stage Wednesday and Friday at 10 p. day, Wednesday and Saturday at

Pittsborough—Two-horse stage and Thursday at 7 p. m., and and Tuesday at 9 p. m.

Roxborough—One-horse mail, 9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p.

Holly Springs—Horse Mail, 4 p. m., and closes Thursday at 9

Letters should be in the Office before the time of closing.

The Office will be open every day, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 9

On Sunday, it will be open from and one hour directly after the Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH O

UP STAIRS,

SMITH'S BUILD

FAYETTEVILLE

Open from 7 A. M. to

NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN

Rates	First 10 words
Raleigh to Petersburg,	30 cts.
" " Richmond	32 "
" " Washington	44 "
" " Baltimore	54 "
" " Philadelphia	74 "
" " New York	84 "
" " Fayetteville	21 "
" " Cheraw	28 "
" " Charleston	50 "
" " Macon	97 "
" " Montgomery	116 "
" " Mobile	138 "
" " New Orleans	172 "

And all the places on this and communication in proportion to distan

OFFICE

OF THE NORTH C

Mutual Insurance C

RALEIGH

Second Floor, Smith's Block, a Office.

OFFICE

OF THE NORTH C

Mutual Life Insurance

RALEIGH

Opposite the Post Office—u Hall.

BANK OF CAP

DISCOUNT DAY, T

Board Meets at 11

BANKING HOURS FR

W. H. JONES, C.
F. C. HILL, Tell

Exchange, Baltimore, Philade 1 per ct. premium.

Virginia and South Carolina the denomination of $5 and upw

BANK OF THE

OFFICERS OF TH

Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Casher,
Seymour W. Whiting, Tell
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper,
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.

Hours of business from 10

DISCOUNT DAY, WE

Board of Directors mee

BANK RATES FOR SELLI

Sight Checks on New York ½ P
" " " Philadelphia ½
" " " Baltimore ½

Notes of the South Carolina received.

J. D. WILL

FORWARDING AND

MERCHA

FAYETTEV

NORTH CAROL

July 19th, 1850.